

**PRE-MIX**

**1945**

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**5**

**QUESTIONS**

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# 1.

**Which of the following is true in context of Patient Capital –**

- A. It is the amount of time spent on a terminally ill patient by a doctor
- B. It is the number of patients a doctor could have seen had he/she not attended a terminally ill patient
- C. It is another name for long term capital**
- D. It is another name for being patient with slow internet surfing

**Patient capital** is another name for long term **capital**.

With **patient capital**, the investor is willing to make a financial investment in a business with no expectation of turning a quick profit.

Instead, the investor is willing to forgo an immediate return in anticipation of more substantial returns down the road.

# 2.

**Which of the following can have an impact on fuel prices in India –**

- i. Terrorist attack in Saudi Arabia**
- ii. Sanctions on Venezuela**
- iii. GST rate in India**
- iv. Appreciation of Rupee**

A. iii and iv only

B. All except iii

C. i, ii only

D. All of the above

# 3.

Which of the following are Kharif Crops in India -

- i. Rice
- ii. Cotton
- iii. Sugarcane
- iv. Groundnut
- v. Tobacco
- vi. Soyabean
- vii. Barley
- viii. Gram
- ix. Mustard

A. All except ix

B. All except viii, ix

**C. All except vii, viii, ix**

D. All

- 4.** Which of the following is false in context of Medical Council of India –
- i.** It was established in 1954
  - ii.** It recommends for recognition/de-recognition of medical qualifications of medical institutions of India or foreign countries

**A. i only**

**B. ii only**

**C. Both**

**D. None**

The Medical Council of India was established in **1934** under the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933, now repealed, with the main function of establishing uniform standards of higher qualifications in medicine and recognition of medical qualifications in India and abroad.

**The objectives of the Council are as follows:-**

1. Maintenance of uniform standards of medical education, both undergraduate and postgraduate.
2. Recommendation for recognition/de-recognition of medical qualifications of medical institutions of India or foreign countries.
3. Permanent registration/provisional registration of doctors with recognized medical qualifications.
4. Reciprocity with foreign countries in the matter of mutual recognition of medical qualifications.



- 5.** Which of the following is correct in context of Airborne warning and control systems (AWACS) -
- i. Israel's AWACS is known as Falcon
  - ii. DRDO's AEW&CS system is known as NETRA.

A. i only

B. ii only

C. Both

D. None

AWACS

or

AEW&C (airborne early-warning and control) aircraft  
are considered critical in modern warfare

because

they can detect and track

- incoming fighters,

- cruise missiles and

- drones

much before

ground-based radars, direct friendly fighters during air combat  
with enemy jets, and keep tabs on enemy troop build-ups and  
warships.

**THE BEST WAY  
TO  
REALISE YOUR  
DREAM  
IS  
TO  
~~SLEEP(Y)~~  
I MEAN **WAKE UP****

