





YES, WE HEARD YOU! DISCOUNT EXTENDED

20% on All UPSC Courses for 2023 & 2024

Use Code:



Valid Only till 2nd April (SUNDAY)





50 IMPORTANTTOPICS FOR PRELIMS 2023

SCHEDULE

27-03-2023	Monday	Polity	06-04-2023	Thursday	Geography
28-03-2023	Tuesday	Science	07-04-2023	Friday	Economy
29-03-2023	Wednesday	Environment	08-04-2023	Saturday	History
30-03-2023	Thursday	Geography	09-04-2023	Sunday	HOLIDAY
31-03-2023	Friday	Economy	10-04-2023	Monday	Polity
01-04-2023	Saturday	History	11-04-2023	Tuesday	Science
02-04-2023	Sunday	HOLIDAY	12-04-2023	Wednesday	Environment
03-04-2023	Monday	Polity	13-04-2023	Thursday	IR
04-04-2023	Tuesday	Science	14-04-2023	Friday	Economy
05-04-2023	Wednesday	Environment	15-04-2023	Saturday	Schemes

Starting from **27th March** 2023 on YouTube Channel







A Few Minutes Series

Subject - Polity

Date - 03rd April 2023

Click <u>here</u> to watch the following topics on YouTube

Compulsory Licensing

- This concept of compulsory licensing has been given in the **chapter XVI of the Indian Patents Act, 1970.**
- This concept is recognised at both national as well as international levels, with express mention in both (Indian) Patent Act, 1970 and TRIPS Agreement
- As per Section 84 (IP Act 1970), any person, regardless of whether he is the holder of the license of that Patent, can make a request to the Controller for grant of compulsory license on expiry of three years, when any of the following conditions is fulfilled
 - The reasonable requirements of the public with respect to the patented invention have not been satisfied
 - The patented invention is not available to the public at a reasonably affordable price
 - The patented invention is **not** worked in the territory of India.
- be issued suo motu by the Controller under section 92, pursuant to a notification issued by the Central Government if there is either a "national emergency" or "extreme urgency" or in cases of "public noncommercial use".
 - Even after a compulsory license is granted to a third party, the patent

owner still has rights over the patent, including a right to be paid for copies of the products made under the compulsory license

Termination of Compulsory License

- The compulsory license granted under section 84 may be revoked by the controller by an application filed by the patentee or by the beneficiary of the patent rights, along with evidence proof that the circumstance during which the compulsory license was granted have ceased to exist.
- For example The license was granted to Natco Pharma Ltd. for the drug Nexavar, patented by M/S Bayer Corporation

