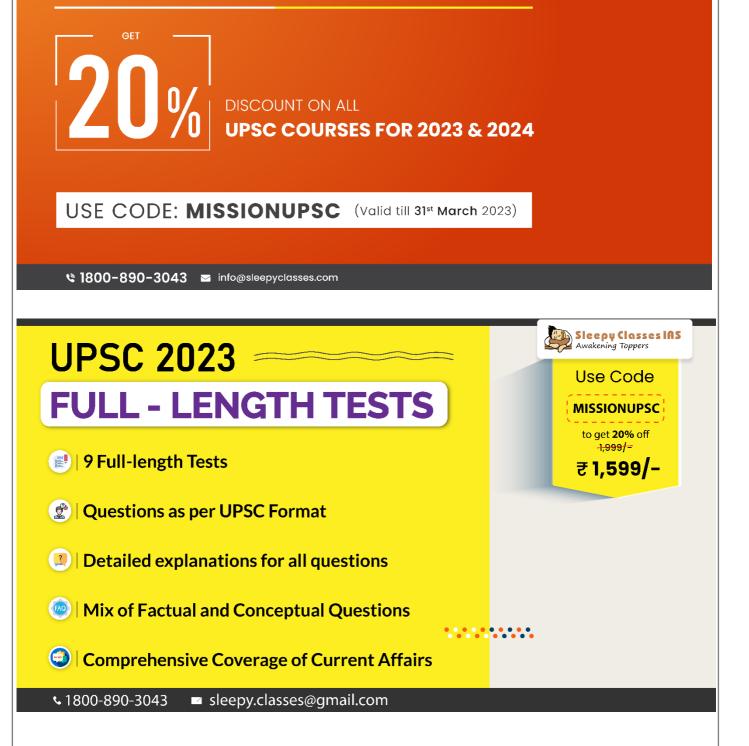






#### Make This Attempt A Successful Attempt







#### **Pre-Mix – 5 MCQs for Prelims**

#### Subject – Polity

#### Date – 30<sup>th</sup> March 2023

**1.** Which of the following is/are compulsory provisions of the Part IX of the constitution:

- 1. Providing for constitution of funds for crediting all money of the panchayats.
- 2. Twenty- one years to be Minimum age for consenting elections to panchayat.
- 3. Reservation of one- third seat for women in panchayat at all three levels.
- 4. Determining the manner of election of the chairperson of the village panchayat.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1, 2 and 4 only
- B. 2, 3 and 4 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3 only

2. Which of the following provided for non official majority in provincial legislative councils for the very first time?

- A. Indian Councils Act 1909
- B. Indian Councils Act of 1892
- C. Government of India Act of 1919
- D. Indian Councils Act 1861

3. With reference to the Parliamentary Committees (PC), consider the following statements:

- 1. It is a panel of MPs that is appointed or elected by House or nominated by Speaker.
- 2. There is no mention of them in the Constitution.
- 3. They have their origins in British

#### Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

# 4. Consider the following statements regarding death sentence :

- 1. If an offence is punishable with life sentence or death penalty, judgement will require to state reasons for awarding the sentence.
- 2. As per the Criminal Procedure Code 1973, conviction and sentencing hearings must be held on separate days.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

# 5. Consider the following statements regarding observations of NFHS 5 report.

- Rate of full immunization among kids aged 12-23 months has exceeded 90% for the first time.
- 2. Total Fertility rate has gone below replacement level at the National Level.
- 3. The levels of stunting, wasting and underweight have all seen a decrease in comparison to previous round.

# Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. Only one statement is correct
- B. Two statements are correct
- C. All Three statements are correct
- D. No statement is correct

#### Answers with Explanations

Click <u>here</u> to watch the following topics on YouTube.

**1**. Which of the following is/are compulsory provisions of the Part IX of the constitution:

- 1. Providing for constitution of funds for crediting all money of the panchayats.
- 2. Twenty- one years to be Minimum age for consenting elections to panchayat.
- 3. Reservation of one- third seat for women in panchayat at all three levels.
- 4. Determining the manner of election of the chairperson of the village panchayat.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1, 2 and 4 only
- B. 2, 3 and 4 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3 only

#### Answer : C

#### Explanation

The compulsory (obligatory or mandatory) and voluntary (discretionary or optional) provisions (features) of the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act (1992) or the Part IX of the Constitution:

#### **Compulsory Provisions:**

• Organisation of Gram Sabha in a village or group of villages.

• Establishment of panchayats at the village, intermediate and district levels.

• Direct elections to all seats in panchayats at the village, intermediate and dis- trict levels.

• Indirect elections to the post of chairperson of panchayats at the inter- mediate and district levels.

Voting rights of the chairperson and other members of a panchayat elected directly or indirectly.

• 21 years to be the minimum age for contesting elections to panchayats.

• Reservation of seats (both members and chairpersons) for SCS and STS in panchayats at all the three levels.

• Reservation of one-third seats (both members and chairpersons) for women in panchayats at all the three levels.

• Fixing tenure of five years for panchayats at all levels and holding fresh elections within six months in the event of supersession of any panchayat.

• Establishment of a State Election Commission for conducting elections to the panchayats.

Voting rights of the chairperson and other members of a panchayat elected directly or indirectly.

• 21 years to be the minimum age for contesting elections to panchayats.

• Reservation of seats (both members and chairpersons) for SCS and STS in panchayats at all the three levels.

• Reservation of one-third seats (both members and chairpersons) for women in panchayats at all the three levels.

• Fixing tenure of five years for panchay- ats at all levels and holding fresh elec- tions within six months in the event of supersession of any panchayat.

• Establishment of a State Election Commission for conducting elections to the panchayats.

Constitution of a State Finance Commission after every five years to review the financial position of the panchayats.

# 2. Which of the following provided for non official majority in provincial legislative councils for the very first time?

- A. Indian Councils Act 1909
- B. Indian Councils Act of 1892
- C. Government of India Act of 1919
- D. Indian Councils Act 1861

#### Answer : A

T.me/Sleepy Classes

#### T.me/Sleepy Classes

3. With reference to the Parliamentary Committees (PC), consider the following statements:

- It is a panel of MPs that is appointed or elected by House or nominated by Speaker.
- 2. There is no mention of them in the Constitution.
- 3. They have their origins in British Parliament.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

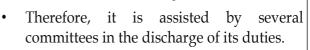
#### Answer : C

Explanation

#### **Parliamentary Committees**

#### What is a PC

- It is a Committee which is
  - appointed or elected by the House or nominated by the Speaker
  - works under the **direction of the Speaker**
  - presents its **report to the House or to the Speaker**
  - **Has a secretariat** provided by the Lok Sabha/Rajya Sabha
- Need of PC when we already have LS/RS to execute work of Parliament
- Work done by the Parliament in modern times is not only varied and complex in nature but also considerable in volume.
- The time at its disposal is limited.
- It cannot, therefore, give close consideration to all the legislative and other matters that come up before it.



Sleepy Classes IAS Awakening Toppers

#### Mention in the constitution of India

- Parliamentary committees draw their authority from Article 105 (on privileges of Parliament members) and Article 118 (on Parliament's authority to make rules for regulating its procedure and conduct of business).
- However, the constitution does not make any specific provisions regarding their composition, tenure, functions, etc.
- All these matters are dealt with by the rules of two Houses respectively.

# 4. Consider the following statements regarding death sentence :

- 1. If an offence is punishable with life sentence or death penalty, judgement will require to state reasons for awarding the sentence.
- 2. As per the Criminal Procedure Code 1973, conviction and sentencing hearings must be held on separate days.

#### Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

#### Answer : B

#### Explanation

- On September 19th, 2022, a 3-judge bench of the Supreme Court referred certain issues of death penalty sentencing to a larger 5 judge constitutional bench.
- One of these issues relates to the amount of time required to collect and present mitigation evidence at the stage of sentencing.
- S. 235(2), Code of Criminal Procedure (CrPC) divides criminal trials into two

#### Sleepy Classes IAS Awakening Toppers

stages: a hearing on conviction and a separate hearing on sentencing.

- This bifurcated trial was not prescribed by the old 1898 CrPC. It was introduced after the 48th Law Commission of India (1971) recommended.
- But there is no explicit mention of hearing being on different dates.
- In death penalty cases, S. 354(3), CrPC requires that judges give special reasons before imposing a death sentence.

# 5. Consider the following statements regarding observations of NFHS 5 report.

- 1. Rate of full immunization among kids aged 12-23 months has exceeded 90% for the first time.
- 2. Total Fertility rate has gone below replacement level at the National Level.
- 3. The levels of stunting, wasting and underweight have all seen a decrease in comparison to previous round.

# Select the correct answer using the code given below :

- A. Only one statement is correct
- B. Two statements are correct
- C. All Three statements are correct
- D. No statement is correct

Answer : B

Explanation

#### Statement 1 : Incorrect -

Full immunization in kids aged 12-23 months- 76%

Statement 2 : Correct

Total Fertility Rate

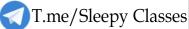
National Level : 2.0

Highest : Bihar 3.0

Lowest : Sikkim 1.1

#### Statement 3 : Correct

Stunting: 36% (38%)



Wasting : 19% (21%)

Underweight : 32.1% (35.8%)